## Chem THERMOCHEMICAL EQUATIONS & GIBBS' FREE ENERGY Practice (#3)

## THERMOCHEMICAL EQUATION D.A.

For questions 2-7, use the equation for the incomplete combustion of propane,  $C_3H_8$ .  $\Delta H = -2043.9 \text{ kJ/mol.}$ 

- 1) Write the balanced equation. Label that all substances in the reaction are gases.
- 2) How many g of propane must be reacted to produce 6218.0 kJ of energy?
- 3) How much energy, in kJ, is produced when 450 g of water is made?
- 4) Calculate the number of grams of oxygen needed to generate 219.55 kJ.
- 5) How much energy in kJ is generated if 35.00 grams of oxygen are used?
- 6) Calculate the amount of energy in kJ produced when 74.84 g of propane reacts.
- 7) Calculate the grams of carbon monoxide produced when 1919.07 kJ of energy is evolved.

## **GIBBS' FREE ENERGY** $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$

For questions 8-15, calculate  $\Delta G$  in kJ and indicate if the reaction will be spontaneous (exergonic) or nonspontaneous (endergonic).

- 8)  $\Delta H = -87.88 \text{ kJ}; \Delta S = -120. \text{ J/K}; T = 292.3 \text{ K}$
- 9)  $T = 411.95 \text{ K}; \quad \Delta H = +556.56 \text{ kJ}; \quad \Delta S = +333 \text{ J/K}$
- 10)  $\Delta S = -74.4 \text{ J/K}; T = 112.2 \text{ K}; \Delta H = +1767.34 \text{ kJ}$
- 11)  $\Delta H = -609.27 \text{ kJ}; \quad \Delta S = +45.0 \text{ J/K}; \quad T = \text{standard temperature}$
- 12) T = 298.00 K;  $\Delta S = -333 \text{ J/K}; \Delta H = +1616 \text{ kJ}$
- 13) T = 627.4 K;  $\Delta$ H = -3654.3 kJ;  $\Delta$ S = +921.78 J/K
- 14)  $\Delta S = -398.3 \text{ J/K}; T = 311 \text{ K}; \Delta H = -899 \text{ kJ}$
- 15) T = standard temperature;  $\Delta S = -68.0 \text{ J/K}$ ;  $\Delta H = -3896.1 \text{ kJ}$